



Module 2 | Lesson 2



Data modeling with the DBO



Before you get started

This learning module has interactive features and activities that enable a self-guided learning experience. To help you get started, here are two tips for viewing and navigating through the content.

1 View this content outside of GitHub.

- For the best learning experience, you're encouraged to download a copy so links and other interactive features will be enabled.
- To download a copy of this lesson, click **Download** in the top-right corner of this content block.
- After downloading, open the file in your preferred PDF reader application.

2 Navigate by clicking the buttons and links.

- For the best learning experience, using your keyboard or mouse wheel to navigate is discouraged. However, this is your only option if you're viewing from GitHub.
- If you're viewing this content outside of GitHub:
 - Click the **Back** or **Next** buttons to go backward or forward in the deck. Moving forward, you'll find them in the bottom corners of every slide.
 - Click [blue text](#) to go to another slide in this deck or open a new page in your browser.

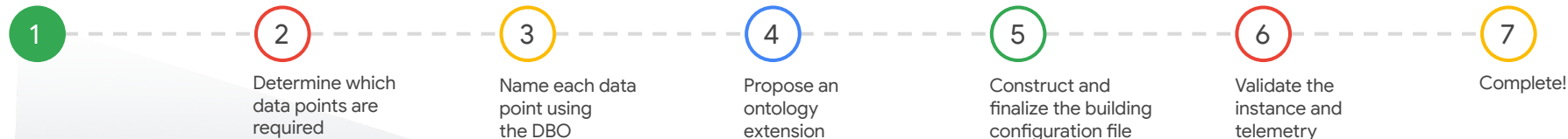
Ready to get started?

Let's go!

Workflow revisited

Here's the recommended workflow for data modeling from Lesson 1.

In this lesson, you'll walk through the first step of data modeling with the DBO.



Determine which devices need to be modeled

Throughout the process, you'll receive or request project documents containing your scope of work and important information about the equipment and systems installed in the building. From these, you'll identify the reporting devices from each namespace that need to be modeled and integrated into Google Cloud IoT Core.

[Back](#)

[Next](#)

Lesson 2

Determine which devices need to be modeled

[Back](#)

What you'll learn about:

- Project documents for data modeling
- Logical devices and namespaces
- “Drawing the box” around an entity

By the end of this lesson, you'll be able to:

- Recognize the different documents you'll use to gather information for a rough-in model.
- Identify the different devices within a namespace.
- Determine whether devices should be modeled independently or as a single entity.

[Next](#)

Project documents

You'll need to refer to a variety of documents that you'll receive from your project contributors about the building and its equipment for your data modeling work.

Documents will vary from project to project

While this isn't an exhaustive list of every document you may receive, these and others like them will contain detailed information about each of the devices and systems that will be installed in a building. Project docs can include:

- A BMS points list (if the site is Brownfield)
 - Points list from BMS instance ([see an example](#))
- Drawing set from a mechanical engineer ([see an example](#))
- Sequence of operations from a controls contractor
 - Controls drawings (contractor) ([see an example](#))
- BIM file and information (if the site is Greenfield)
- Any other relevant design and submittal documentation

Control Program	Name	Type	Object ID	Device ID	Object Name
tem	AHU-3-1	CHW Control Valve Feedback	ai	BAI	AI:19
tem	AHU-3-1	Cooling Coil Air Temperature	ai	BAI	AI:20
tem	AHU-3-1	HW Control Valve Feedback	ai	BAI	AI:22
tem	AHU-3-1	Supply Fan VFD Feedback	ai	BAI	AI:17
tem	AHU-3-1	Outside Air Damper 1 Status	ai	BBI	BI:9
tem	AHU-3-1	Outside Air Damper 2 Status	ai	BBI	BI:10
tem	AHU-3-1	CHW Control Valve Command	ao	BAO	AO:8
tem	AHU-3-1	HW Control Valve Command	ao	BAO	AO:9
tem	AHU-3-1	Outside Air Damper 1 Command	ao	BAO	AO:10
tem	AHU-3-1	Outside Air Damper 2 Command	ao	BAO	AO:6
tem	AHU-3-1	Supply Fan VFD Speed Command	ao	BAO	AO:7
tem	AHU-3-2	CHW Control Valve Feedback	ai	BAI	AI:23
tem	AHU-3-2	Cooling Coil Air Temperature	ai	BAI	AI:26
tem	AHU-3-2	HW Control Valve Feedback	ai	BAI	AI:25
tem	AHU-3-2	Supply Fan VFD Feedback	ai	BAI	AI:30
tem	AHU-3-2	Outside Air Damper 1 Status	ai	BBI	BI:12

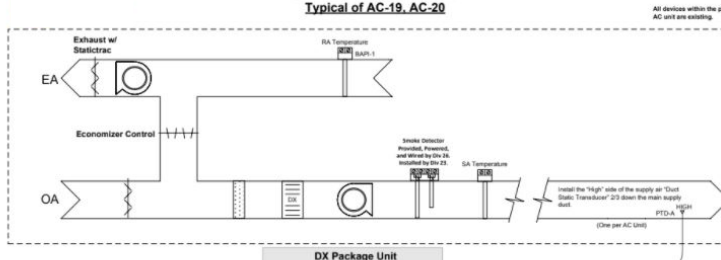
Rooftop Packaged Unit Schedule

Tag	Manufacturer	Model	Nominal Tonnage	Unit Airflow (cubic feet per minute)	Outside Airflow (cubic feet per minute)	Entering Air Temp (Dry Bulb) (F)
AC-1	Trane	YZC06E4RLA	5	2,200	465	78
AC-2	Trane	YZC06E4RLA	3	1,200	75	75
AC-3	Trane	YZC07F4RLA	6	2,880	525	78
AC-4	Trane	YZC06E4RLA	3	1,200	270	79
AC-5	Trane	YZC07F4RLA	6	2,750	160	75
AC-6	Trane	YZC06F4RLA	7.5	3,000	150	75
AC-8	Trane	YZC07F4RLA	6	2,880	1,020	82
AC-9	Trane	YZC06F4RLA	3	1,200	105	76
AC-10	Trane	YZC10F4RLA	8.5	3,700	810	79
AC-11	Trane	YZC10F4RLA	10	4,800	325	75
AC-12	Trane	YZC10F4RLA	8.5	3,550	810	79
AC-13a	Trane	YZC06E4RDA	3	1,200	0	75
AC-13b	Trane	YZC06E4RDA	3	1,200	0	75
AC-14b	Trane	YZC06E4RDA	3	1,200	0	75
AC-15	Trane	YZC07F4RLA	6	2,400	555	78

- * Power provided from 24VAC external transformer
- Field installed, single point power connection
- A/C controller provided by Controls Contractor
- 1 Indoor Fan and Outdoor Fan have variable speed, direct drive motors
- 2 Factory installed BACnet communication interface
- 3 Disconnected by electrician
- 4 Condensate connections by the plumbing contractor
- 5 Smoke detectors provided and mounted by controls contractor

AC-19/AC-20 Schematic

Rooftop Precursor AC Unit Typical of AC-19, AC-20



Back

Note: A standard points list should include all of the mechanical equipment in the building. However, points lists from brownfield sites typically do not include explicit building, floor, and room/zone information or information about other systems (lighting, security, etc).

Next

Which devices should be modeled?

In general, you'll model all systems along with their logical devices.

Remember, anything included in the building model will allow your project team to analyze its data.

At this point in the process, you'll begin making decisions about what you want to include in the building model. First, you'll need to identify the devices and systems installed in the building before establishing the logical entities.

How to identify devices to model

- 1 Review the project documents and any other relevant information to get a sense for what equipment is to be installed (or is already installed).
- 2 For all the devices being installed, partition them into their relevant namespaces.
Example: Break out all HVAC equipment separately from lighting equipment.
- 3 List out all identified devices and their namespaces for future reference.
- 4 List out all systems that need to be defined.
Example: The heating water system, the chilled water system

[Back](#)

Note: A **logical device** is any device or system that maps one-to-one with a canonical entity type in the DBO. Review [Module 1, Lesson 7](#) for more info.

[Next](#)

Devices are modeled within their namespace

As you identify devices, be mindful of which namespace each one belongs to.

Click on each item to reveal more info about devices in each namespace.

HVAC

Lighting

Metering

Electrical

Safety



[Back](#)

[Next](#)

Devices are modeled within their namespace

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HVAC

Lighting

Metering

Electrical

Safety

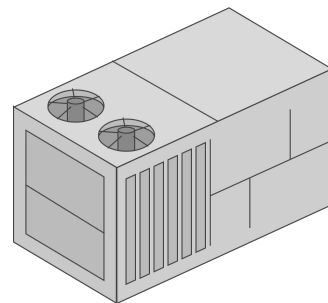
HVAC

Devices in the HVAC namespace include:

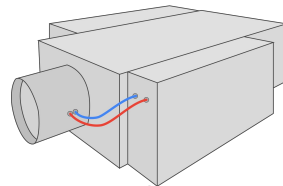
- Air handling units (AHU)
- Boilers (BLR)
- Chillers (CH)

See [HVAC general types](#) for types of HVAC devices and systems commonly modeled.

In general, if it can communicate, it should be integrated.



air handling unit
(AHU)



terminal unit
(VAV)

Back

Next

Devices are modeled within their namespace

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HVAC

Lighting

Metering

Electrical

Safety

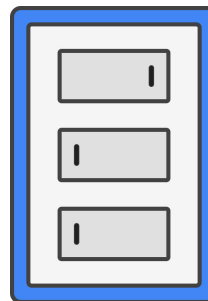
Lighting

Some devices in the Lighting namespace include:

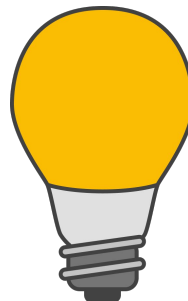
- Light fixtures (LT)
- Lighting gateways (LTGW)
- Emergency lights (ELT)

See [lighting general types](#) for types of lighting devices and systems commonly modeled.

In general, anything relevant to the function of the lighting system should be integrated.



light switch
(LCM)



light bulb
(LT)

Back

Next

Devices are modeled within their namespace

As you identify devices, be mindful of which namespace each one belongs to.

Click on each item to reveal more info about devices in each namespace.

HVAC

Lighting

Metering

Electrical

Safety

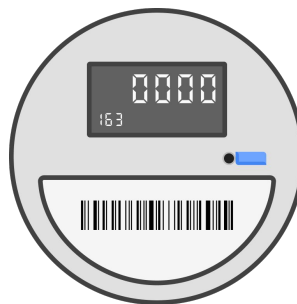
Metering

Some devices in the Metering namespace include:

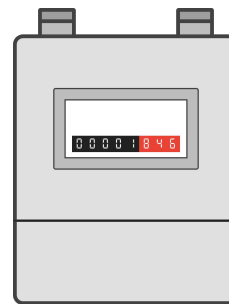
- Electrical meters (EM)
- Gas meters (GM)
- Water meters (WM)

See [meter general types](#) for types of meters commonly modeled.

In general, all meters should be integrated.



electrical meter
(EM)



gas meter
(GM)

[Back](#)

[Next](#)

Devices are modeled within their namespace

As you identify devices, be mindful of which namespace each one belongs to.

Click on each item to reveal more info about devices in each namespace.

HVAC

Lighting

Metering

Electrical

Safety

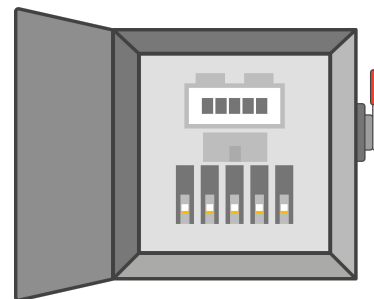
Electrical

Some devices in the Electrical namespace include:

- Batteries (BATT)
- Uninterruptible power supplies (UPS)
- Panels (PANEL)

See [electrical general types](#) for types of electrical devices and systems commonly modeled.

There is no general rule for electrical integration (beyond metering, which is considered separate). It's up to the modeler and other project contributors to use their best judgment in determining what must be integrated.



electrical panel
(PANEL)

[Back](#)

[Next](#)

Devices are modeled within their namespace

As you identify devices, be mindful of which namespace each one belongs to.

Click on each item to reveal more info about devices in each namespace.

HVAC

Lighting

Metering

Electrical

Safety

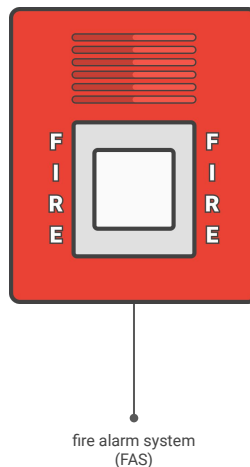
Safety

Some devices in the Safety namespace include:

- Smoke detectors (SD)
- Fire dampers (FD)
- Fire alarm systems (FAS)

See [safety general types](#) for types of safety devices and systems commonly modeled.

There is no general rule for safety (fire/life safety in particular) systems. It's up to the modeler and other project contributors to use their best judgment to determine what must be integrated.



[Back](#)

[Next](#)

Should a device be modeled independently or as part of an entity?

Device modeling can be somewhat arbitrary. Do we model the zone thermostat and FCU separately or together? Are circulation pumps onboard a boiler integral to that boiler or independent? In determining what should be modeled as an atomic component of a system, it will be necessary to use both precedent and reasonable judgment.

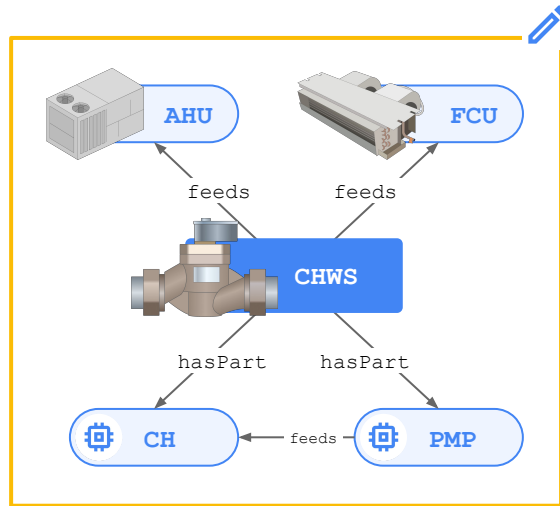
You'll need to “draw the box” around the logical device.

When considering a device to be modeled, try to imagine that you are drawing a box around it in some way – cutting out everything outside the box and focusing on just what is inside it. The box should contain the integral functionality of the device while omitting things that are best modeled elsewhere.

These boundaries are usually easy to define. In general, smaller components like valves, dampers, and controllers are not modeled independently when they are integral to a device. These are typically modeled as part of a single logical device.

Example

A chilled water system (CHWS) that serves downstream air handling units (AHU) and fan coil units (FCU) also has components like pumps (PMP) and chillers (CH). Even though these devices all connect to the system, they're all independent devices and would be modeled as independent entities. Therefore, we'd “draw the box” around each device in the system, including the system itself.

[Back](#)[Next](#)

Should a device be modeled independently or as part of an entity? (continued)

How to “draw the box” around a logical entity

- 1 Review the devices that were identified in the project documents.
- 2 Determine whether each device is an integral component of a larger device.
- 3 Draw the box around the logical entity, containing all the integral components.
- 4 Keep a list of logical entities for future reference.

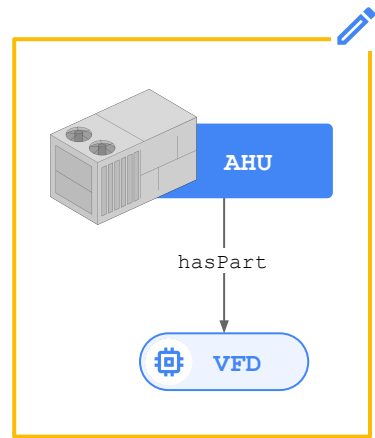
Example

Imagine that, during the review of a drawing set, you identify an air handling unit (AHU) that has variable speed fan control which it accomplishes using a variable frequency drive (VFD).

There are two options for how to model this:

- First, model the AHU and the VFD as separate logical entities.
- Second, model the AHU as the only logical entity and treat the VFD as part of the AHU.

Since the VFD is a smaller, functional component of the AHU (and usually is integral to it) the box should be drawn around the AHU and the VFD, and they should be treated as one device to model. You will see this is consistent with devices defined in the HVAC/AHU.yaml file (and that there is no HVAC/VFD.yaml file).



[Back](#)

[Next](#)

“Drawing the box” around logical entities

Let’s explore a few scenarios that will require us to “draw the box” around devices that need to be modeled.

Scenario 1 - Using a BMS points list

In a **brownfield scenario** where the building has already been integrated into the BMS, a points list is a spreadsheet/tabular representation of all of the available points in the building.

To the right is a sample BMS points list. Each row represents a single point on a piece of equipment (e.g., the zone temperature sensor for a specific single-zone AHU).

In this scenario, it’s rather obvious the “boxes” should be drawn around AHU-3-1, AHU-3-2, and AHU-3-3. They represent logical entities. Knowing that AHUs are an atomic entity type in DBO, this makes intuitive sense.

BMS points list

View a full version of this [sample BMS points list](#).

Control Program	Name	Type	Object ID	Device ID	Object Name
verA43-3 System	AHU-3-1	CHW Control Valve Feedback ai	BAI	AI.19	DEV.2522801
verA43-3 System	AHU-3-1	Cooling Coil Air Temperature ai	BAI	AI.20	DEV.2522801
verA43-3 System	AHU-3-1	HHW Control Valve Feedback ai	BAI	AI.22	DEV.2522801
verA43-3 System	AHU-3-1	Supply Fan VFD Feedback ai	BAI	AI.17	DEV.2522801
verA43-3 System	AHU-3-1	Outside Air Damper 1 Status ai	BBI	BI.9	DEV.2522801
verA43-3 System	AHU-3-1	Outside Air Damper 2 Status ai	BBI	BI.10	DEV.2522801
verA43-3 System	AHU-3-1	CHW Control Valve Command ao	BAO	AO.8	DEV.2522801
verA43-3 System	AHU-3-1	HHW Control Valve Command ao	BAO	AO.9	DEV.2522801
verA43-3 System	AHU-3-1	Outside Air Damper 1 Command ao	BAO	AO.10	DEV.2522801
verA43-3 System	AHU-3-1	Outside Air Damper 2 Command ao	BAO	AO.6	DEV.2522801
verA43-3 System	AHU-3-1	Supply Fan VFD Speed Command ao	BAO	AO.7	DEV.2522801
verA43-3 System	AHU-3-2	CHW Control Valve Feedback ai	BAI	AI.23	DEV.2522801
verA43-3 System	AHU-3-2	Cooling Coil Air Temperature ai	BAI	AI.26	DEV.2522801
verA43-3 System	AHU-3-2	HHW Control Valve Feedback ai	BAI	AI.25	DEV.2522801
verA43-3 System	AHU-3-2	Supply Fan VFD Feedback ai	BAI	AI.30	DEV.2522801
verA43-3 System	AHU-3-2	Outside Air Damper 1 Status ai	BBI	BI.12	DEV.2522801
verA43-3 System	AHU-3-2	Outside Air Damper 2 Status ai	BBI	BI.13	DEV.2522801
verA43-3 System	AHU-3-2	CHW Control Valve Command ao	BAO	AO.11	DEV.2522801
verA43-3 System	AHU-3-2	HHW Control Valve Command ao	BAO	AO.12	DEV.2522801
verA43-3 System	AHU-3-2	Outside Air Damper 1 Command ao	BAO	AO.13	DEV.2522801
verA43-3 System	AHU-3-2	Outside Air Damper 2 Command ao	BAO	AO.14	DEV.2522801
verA43-3 System	AHU-3-2	Supply Fan VFD Speed Command ao	BAO	AO.15	DEV.2522801
verA43-3 System	AHU-3-3	CHW Control Valve Feedback ai	BAI	AI.28	DEV.2522801
verA43-3 System	AHU-3-3	Cooling Coil Air Temperature ai	BAI	AI.33	DEV.2522801
verA43-3 System	AHU-3-3	HHW Control Valve Feedback ai	BAI	AI.29	DEV.2522801
verA43-3 System	AHU-3-3	Supply Fan VFD Feedback ai	BAI	AI.37	DEV.2522801
verA43-3 System	AHU-3-3	Outside Air Damper 1 Status ai	BBI	BI.15	DEV.2522801
verA43-3 System	AHU-3-3	Outside Air Damper 2 Status ai	BBI	BI.16	DEV.2522801
verA43-3 System	AHU-3-3	CHW Control Valve Command ao	BAO	AO.16	DEV.2522801
verA43-3 System	AHU-3-3	HHW Control Valve Command ao	BAO	AO.17	DEV.2522801
verA43-3 System	AHU-3-3	Outside Air Damper 1 Command ao	BAO	AO.18	DEV.2522801
verA43-3 System	AHU-3-3	Outside Air Damper 2 Command ao	BAO	AO.19	DEV.2522801
verA43-3 System	AHU-3-3	Supply Fan VFD Speed Command ao	BAO	AO.20	DEV.2522801

Back

Click **Next** to see another scenario.

Next

“Drawing the box” around logical entities

Let’s explore a few scenarios that will require us to “draw the box” around devices that need to be modeled.

Scenario 2 - Using mechanical drawings

In a case where you have a mechanical drawing set, there will typically be a “Mechanical Schedule” section that outlines and specifies the pieces of mechanical equipment to be installed in the building.

While mechanical schedules don’t describe the telemetry that equipment is installed with, you know that there are (or will be) those pieces of equipment. The scheduled equipment in this case represents the list of logical entities that will ultimately need to be modeled.

Mechanical drawing

View a full version of this [sample mechanical drawing](#).

Rooftop Packaged Unit Schedule																						
Tag	Manufacturer	Model	Nominal Tonnage	Unit Airflow (cubic feet per minute)	Outside Airflow (cubic feet per minute)	Cooling Coil						Capacity		Heating Coil		Capacity		Supply Fan			Electrical	
						Entering Air Temperature (Fahrenheit)	Leaving Air Temperature (Fahrenheit)	Dry Bulb (Fahrenheit)	Wet Bulb (Fahrenheit)	Dry Bulb (Fahrenheit)	Wet Bulb (Fahrenheit)	Gross Total (Btu/hour)	Net Sensible (Btu/hour)	Entering Air Temperature (Fahrenheit)	Leaving Air Temperature (Fahrenheit)	Input (Btu/hour)	Output (Btu/hour)	External Static Pressure (inches)	HP	BHP	RPM	Volts/Phase
AC-1	Trane	YZC06E4RLA	5	2,300	465	78	63	55.91	53.91	37,470	48,850	63	84	80,000	49,000	1	1	1	1,110	460/3	11	15
												66	105.3	80,000	49,000	1	0.75	0.58	1,015	460/3	7	15
												62	83.2	80,000	64,800	0.75	2.75	1.27	1,233	460/3	22	30
												52	89.3	60,000	48,000	1	0.75	0.58	1,014	460/3	7	15
												68	90.2	80,000	64,800	0.75	2.75	1.18	1,199	460/3	22	30
												68	98.3	120,000	97,200	1	2.75	1.28	1,235	460/3	23	35
AC-8	Trane	YZC07F4RLA	8	2,880	1,020	82	64	55.84	55.62	69,870	67,130	58	79.2	80,000	64,800	0.75	2.75	1.03	1,154	460/3	22	30
AC-9	Trane	YZC09F4RLA	9	3,200	105	76	63	53.88	51.74	54,300	26,820	65	109.3	80,000	49,000	1	0.75	0.61	1,040	460/3	7	15
AC-10	Trane	YZC10F4RLA	8.5	3,700	810	79	63	54.35	53.84	98,480	91,050	62	86.7	120,000	97,200	0.75	2.75	1.48	1,484	460/3	24	35
AC-11	Trane	YZC10F4RLA	10	4,800	325	75	62	53.88	53.79	110,780	98,860	67	90.8	150,000	121,500	1	2.75	1.53	1,588	460/3	31	45
AC-12	Trane	YZC10F4RLA	8.5	3,550	810	79	63	53.98	53.49	97,850	92,640	62	87.7	120,000	97,200	0.75	2.75	1.11	1,285	460/3	24	35
AC-13a	Trane	TZC03E4RDA	3	1,200	0	75	62	52.44	51.18	36,020	27,710	-	-	-	-	0.75	1	0.48	913	460/3	7	15
AC-13b	Trane	TZC03E4RDA	3	1,200	0	75	62	52.44	51.18	36,020	27,710	-	-	-	-	0.75	1	0.48	913	460/3	7	15
AC-14b	Trane	TZC03E4RDA	3	1,200	0	75	62	52.44	51.18	36,020	27,710	-	-	-	-	0.75	1	0.48	913	460/3	7	15
AC-15	Trane	YZC07F4RLA	6	2,400	555	78	63	53.23	53.14	66,170	60,730	62	87.3	80,000	64,800	0.75	2.75	0.4	993	460/3	22	30

Power provided from 20VAC external transformer

Field installed, single point power connection

ALC controller provided by Controls Contractor

Indoor Fan and Outdoor Fan have variable speed, direct drive motors

Factory installed BACnet communication interface

Disconnect by electrician

Condensate connections by the plumbing contractor

Smoke detectors provided and mounted by controls contractor

Back

Click **Next** to see another scenario.

Next

“Drawing the box” around logical entities

Let’s explore a few scenarios that will require us to “draw the box” around devices that need to be modeled.

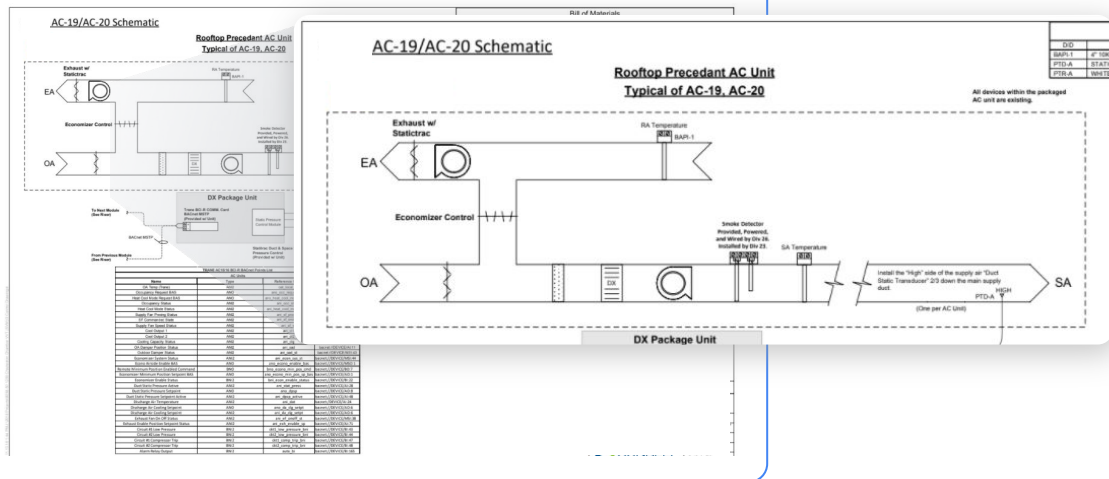
Scenario 3 - Using controls drawings

From this example it’s quite obvious where to draw the box since it has already been done by the controls contractor.

The AHUs have a box drawn around it. From the drawing, it’s clear that two logical entities will exist that follow this template: AC-19 and AC-20, both of which will be AHUs (as they handle outside air directly).

Controls drawing

[Click here](#) to view a full version of this sample controls drawing.



Back

Next

Lesson 2

Practice



Let's take a moment to apply what you've learned so far.

- The next slides will present three brief scenarios with questions related to information in this lesson.
- Answer each question on your own and check your answer on the following slide.
- After this practice activity, you'll wrap up Lesson 2.

Tip: [Create a new doc](#) in your Google Drive before starting this practice activity. You can use this doc to write down your answers.

[Back](#)

[Next](#)

Practice 1

You received a drawing set from a project contributor. You begin reviewing the document and end up on this page.

Which devices should be modeled?

Review the sample drawing set on your own to find all of the devices. If it helps, use a [separate document](#) to write down your answers.

Steps

1. Review the project documents and any other relevant information to get a sense for what equipment is to be installed (or is already installed).
2. For all the devices being installed, partition them into their relevant namespaces.
3. List out all identified devices and their namespaces for future reference.
4. List out all systems that need to be defined.

Mechanical drawing

View a full version of this [sample mechanical drawing](#).

ROOFTOP PACKAGE VARIABLE AIR VOLUME UNIT SCHEDULE																			
UNIT	NAME	MODEL	MANUFACTURER	LOCATION	STATUS	DATE	REVISION	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	NOTES	REVISION	DATE	REVISION	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	NOTES	REVISION	DATE	REVISION
1	ROOFTOP PACKAGE VARIABLE AIR VOLUME UNIT	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
HOT WATER BOILER SCHEDULE																			
UNIT	NAME	MODEL	MANUFACTURER	LOCATION	STATUS	DATE	REVISION	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	NOTES	REVISION	DATE	REVISION	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	NOTES	REVISION	DATE	REVISION
1	HOT WATER BOILER	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
PUMP SCHEDULE																			
UNIT	NAME	MODEL	MANUFACTURER	LOCATION	STATUS	DATE	REVISION	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	NOTES	REVISION	DATE	REVISION	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	NOTES	REVISION	DATE	REVISION
1	PUMP	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
EXHAUST FAN SCHEDULE																			
UNIT	NAME	MODEL	MANUFACTURER	LOCATION	STATUS	DATE	REVISION	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	NOTES	REVISION	DATE	REVISION	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	NOTES	REVISION	DATE	REVISION
1	EXHAUST FAN	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
POT FRESH																			
UNIT	NAME	MODEL	MANUFACTURER	LOCATION	STATUS	DATE	REVISION	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	NOTES	REVISION	DATE	REVISION	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	NOTES	REVISION	DATE	REVISION
1	POT FRESH	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
MECH SCHEDULE																			
UNIT	NAME	MODEL	MANUFACTURER	LOCATION	STATUS	DATE	REVISION	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	NOTES	REVISION	DATE	REVISION	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	NOTES	REVISION	DATE	REVISION
1	MECH SCHEDULE	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000



Back

Next

Practice 1

Check your answer!



Here are all the devices that should be modeled. **Are these the same ones you identified?**

- Rooftop package variable air volume (AHU) unit
- Air conditioning unit (another type of AHU)
- VAV box
- Hot water boiler
- Pump
- Exhaust fan

We determined it will be important to model the information in the highlighted schedule sections. These were identified as important pieces of equipment because they are common GENERAL TYPES in the HVAC namespace.

We chose not to model the equipment listed in the Diffuser, Pot Feeder, and VFD sections. Diffusers and pot feeders aren't common GENERAL TYPES in the HVAC namespace, and generally do not send telemetry. While it may seem important to include the VFDs in our model, because they are noted as serving the heating water pumps, their functionality will be captured in the translations for the pumps. You can check this by reviewing the models previously defined in [HVAC/PMP.yaml](#) and seeing that they include fields related to speed.

And don't forget to identify the HW system as an entity itself, because they tend to have data independent of the equipment attached to them (header temperatures and pressures that apply to the system).

Mechanical drawing

View a full version of this [sample mechanical drawing](#).

The image displays a sample mechanical drawing with several highlighted schedule sections:

- ROOFTOP PACKAGE VARIABLE AIR VOLUME UNIT SCHEDULE**: A table with columns for TAG, MFR, MODEL, TONS, DESIGN CFM, and RPM. It includes a detailed description of the unit and its components.
- AIR CONDITIONING UNIT SCHEDULE**: A table with columns for TAG, MFR, MODEL, TONS, DESIGN CFM, and RPM. It includes a detailed description of the unit and its components.
- VAV Box Schedule**: A table with columns for Type, Tag, and Size. It includes a detailed description of the VAV box and its components.
- HOT WATER BOILER SCHEDULE**: A table with columns for TAG, MFR, MODEL, INPUT MBH, and OUTPUT MBH. It includes a detailed description of the boiler and its components.
- PUMP SCHEDULE**: A table with columns for TAG, MFR, MODEL, and SIZE. It includes a detailed description of the pump and its components.
- EXHAUST FAN SCHEDULE**: A table with columns for TAG, MFR, and MODEL. It includes a detailed description of the exhaust fan and its components.

The drawing also includes a Google logo and a footer with the text "MECHANICAL SCHEDULES M-1".

Back

When you're ready, click **Next** to move on to the next practice activity.

Next

Practice 2

You listed all of the devices from a drawing set you received from a project contributor. Here's a list of all the devices that were identified.

Which namespace does each device belong to?

Review the list on your own to determine the appropriate namespace of each device. If it helps, use a [separate document](#) to write down your answers.

Namespaces

For your reference, here are the possible namespaces these devices may belong to:

- HVAC
- Lighting
- Metering
- Electrical
- Safety
- IoT

Device name	Namespace
AC-1	???
AC-2	???
AC-3	???
B-1	???
B-2	???
HWP-1	???
HWP-2	???
HWS	???
EF-1	???
EF-2	???
TF-1-1	???
All VAVs	???

Note: The HWS is also included because things like header temperatures and pressures will need a place to reside. Since they are not associated directly with the pumps or boilers (they are system-level sensors), it makes sense to also have a system-level entity to house that data.

Back

Next

Practice 2

Check your answer! 

Here's each device within its appropriate namespace.

Does this match what you came up with?

Device name	Namespace
AC-1	HVAC
AC-2	HVAC
AC-3	HVAC
B-1	HVAC
B-2	HVAC
HWP-1	HVAC
HWP-2	HVAC
HWS	HVAC
EF-1	HVAC
EF-2	HVAC
TF-1-1	HVAC
All VAVs	HVAC

[Back](#)

When you're ready, click **Next** to move on to the next practice activity.

[Next](#)

Practice 3

Let's "draw a box" around a logical entities.

Here are some of the individual devices from the drawing set you received.

Mechanical drawing

AIR CONDITIONING UNIT SCHEDULE

TAG	MFR	MODEL	TONS	DESIGN	SUPPLY FAN				EA	EA	COOLING (MBH)			FILTERS		ELECTRICAL			EFF.	ECONMZR	HT W/O	WT	AREA SERVED	NOTES
				CFM	RPM	ESP (IN)	BHP	HP	DB	WB	SENSIBLE	TOTAL	SIZE	TYPE	V/PH	MCA	MOC	SEER	Y/N	LEVELING	(LBS)			
AC-2	TRANE	THC037E4R0A	3.0	1,150	906	0.75	0.41	--	78	63.0	26.4	32.6	2"	THROWAWAY	208/3	24.0	30.0	13.0 SEER	Y	36.25"	701		1,2,3,4,5	
AC-3	TRANE	THC067E3R0A	5.0	1,900	1,017	0.75	0.84	1	78	63.0	45.8	54.3	2"	THROWAWAY	208/3	33.0	45.0	17.5 SEER	Y	41"	953		1,2,3,4,5	

- 1 HORIZONTAL DISCHARGE, CURB-MOUNTED ROOF TOP PACKAGE UNIT
- 2 PROVIDE AND INSTALL MERV 13 THROW-AWAY FILTERS
- 3 PROVIDE W/ 100% ECONOMIZER
- 4 FAN CONTROL W/VFD WITHOUT BYPASS
- 5 BACNET MS/TP CONTROL INTERFACE

What are the logical entities? What are their components?

Review the mechanical drawing on your own to determine what should be modeled together.

If it helps, use a [separate document](#) to write down your answers.

Back

Next

Practice 3

Check your answer! 

Here's how we'd "draw the box."

Does this match what you came up with?

Device name	Component
AC-2	Supply fan
AC-2	Mechanical cooling (DX)
AC-2	Economizer
AC-2	Air filters
AC-2	Supply fan speed control (VFD)
AC-3	Supply fan
AC-3	Mechanical cooling (DX)
AC-3	Economizer
AC-3	Air filters
AC-3	Supply fan speed control (VFD)

Mechanical drawing

AIR CONDITIONING UNIT SCHEDULE

TAG	MFR	MODEL	TONS	DESIGN CFM	SUPPLY FAN				EA DB	EA WB	COOLING (MBH)		SIZE	FIL
					RPM	ESP (IN)	BHP	HP			SENSIBLE	TOTAL		
AC-2	TRANE	THC037E4R0A	3.0	1,150	906	0.75	0.41	--	78	63.0	26.4	32.6	2"	TH
AC-3	TRANE	THC067E3R0A	5.0	1,900	1,017	0.75	0.84	1	78	63.0	45.8	54.3	2"	TH

- 1 HORIZONTAL DISCHARGE, CURB-MOUNTED ROOF TOP PACKAGE UNIT
- 2 PROVIDE AND INSTALL MERV 13 THROW-AWAY FILTERS
- 3 PROVIDE W/ 100% ECONOMIZER
- 4 FAN CONTROL W/VFD WITHOUT BYPASS
- 5 BACNET MS/TP CONTROL INTERFACE

You can infer quite a bit about what the device will have onboard just from the mechanical drawing:

- First, it has supply fans and variable speed control (see note 4 in the mechanical drawing).
- Second, it has economizing.
- Third, it has mechanical cooling but no heating.
- Fourth, it has filters but no callout for monitoring. This means it could implement filter pressure monitoring, but that remains unclear.

[Back](#)

When you're ready, click **Next** to complete this activity and wrap up this lesson.

[Next](#)

Repeat for each project document

To determine all of the devices that need to be modeled, you'll repeat these steps with each project document you receive from project contributors.

Click on each item to review the step-by-step instructions.

Identify devices to model

"Draw the box" around a logical device



[Back](#)

[Next](#)

Repeat for each project document

To determine all of the devices that need to be modeled, you'll repeat these steps with each project document you receive from project contributors.

Click on each item to review the step-by-step instructions.

Identify devices to model

"Draw the box" around a logical device

Steps to identify devices to model

1. Review the project documents and any other relevant information to get a sense for what equipment is to be installed (or is already installed).
2. For all the devices being installed, partition them into their relevant namespaces.
Example: Break out all HVAC equipment separately from lighting equipment.
3. List out all identified devices and their namespaces for future reference.
4. List out all systems that need to be defined.
Example: The heating water system, the chilled water system

[Back](#)

[Next](#)

Repeat for each project document

To determine all of the devices that need to be modeled, you'll repeat these steps with each project document you receive from project contributors.

Click on each item to review the step-by-step instructions.

Identify devices to model

"Draw the box" around a logical device

Steps to "draw the box" around a logical device

1. Review the devices that were identified in the project documents.
2. Determine whether each device is an integral component of a larger device.
3. Draw the box around the logical entity, containing all the integral components.
4. Keep a list of logical entities for future reference.

[Back](#)

[Next](#)

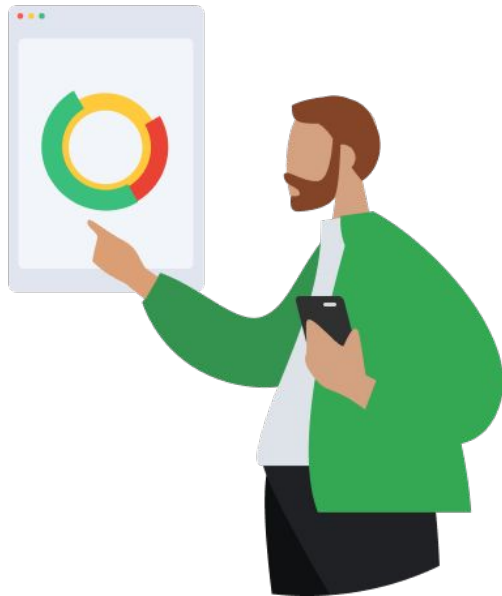
Lesson 2 summary

Let's review what you learned about:

- Project documents for data modeling
- Logical devices and namespaces
- "Drawing the box" around an entity

Now you should be able to:

- Recognize the different documents you'll use to gather information for a rough-in model.
- Identify the different devices within a namespace.
- Determine whether devices should be modeled independently or as a single entity.



[Back](#)

[Next](#)

You completed Lesson 2!

Now's a great time to take a quick break before starting Lesson 3.

Ready for Lesson 3?

Let's go!

Back

Helpful resources

For future reference, keep these resources easily accessible for technical and procedural questions.

- [Digital Buildings Project GitHub](#)
Contains source code, tooling, and documentation for the DBO.